

Please show all your work and justify your answers.

Exercise 1. Prove that $7 \mid (3^{2n} - 2^n)$ for every nonnegative integer n .

Exercise 2. Prove that if A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n are any $n \geq 2$ sets, then

$$\overline{A_1 \cap A_2 \cap \dots \cap A_n} = \overline{A_1} \cup \overline{A_2} \cup \dots \cup \overline{A_n}.$$

Exercise 3. Use the method of minimum counterexample to prove that $3 \mid (2^{2n} - 1)$ for every positive integer n .

Exercise 4. Prove that $5 \mid (n^5 - n)$ for every integer n .

Exercise 5. Consider the sequence F_1, F_2, F_3, \dots , where

$$F_1 = 1, F_2 = 1, F_3 = 2, F_4 = 3, F_5 = 5, \text{ and } F_6 = 8.$$

The terms of this sequence are called **Fibonacci numbers**.

(a) Define the sequence of Fibonacci numbers by means of a recurrence relation.

(b) Prove that $2 \mid F_n$ if and only if $3 \mid n$.

Exercise 6. A sequence $\{a_n\}$ is defined recursively by $a_1 = 1$, $a_2 = 2$ and $a_n = a_{n-1} + 2a_{n-2}$ for $n \geq 3$. Conjecture a formula for a_n and verify that your conjecture is correct.