

Please show all your work and justify your answers.

Exercise 1. Let $A = \{5, 6\}$, $B = \{5, 7, 8\}$, and $S = \{n \in \mathbb{Z} \mid n \geq 3 \text{ is odd}\}$. A relation R from $A \times B$ to S is defined as $(a, b) R s$ if $s \mid (a + b)$. Is R a function from $A \times B$ to S ?

Exercise 2. For a function $f : A \rightarrow B$ and subsets C and D of A and E and F of B , prove the following.

- (a) $f(C \cup D) = f(C) \cup f(D)$
- (b) $f(C \cap D) \subseteq f(C) \cap f(D)$
- (c) $f(C) \setminus f(D) \subseteq f(C \setminus D)$
- (d) $f^{-1}(E \cup F) = f^{-1}(E) \cup f^{-1}(F)$
- (e) $f^{-1}(E \cap F) = f^{-1}(E) \cap f^{-1}(F)$
- (f) $f^{-1}(E \setminus F) = f^{-1}(E) \setminus f^{-1}(F)$.

Exercise 3. Give an example of two finite sets A and B and two functions $f : A \rightarrow B$ and $g : B \rightarrow A$ such that f is one-to-one but not onto and g is onto but not one-to-one.

Exercise 4. Let f be a function with $\text{dom}(f) = A$ and let C and D be subsets of A . Prove that if f is one-to-one, then $f(C \cap D) = f(C) \cap f(D)$.

Exercise 5. Let A and B be nonempty sets. Prove that if $f : A \rightarrow B$ is a function, then $f \circ i_A = f$ and $i_B \circ f = f$.

Exercise 6. Let A be a nonempty set and let $f : A \rightarrow A$ be a function. Prove that if $f \circ f = i_A$, then f is bijective.

Exercise 7. Let A, B and C be nonempty sets and let f, g and h be functions such that $f : A \rightarrow B$, $g : B \rightarrow C$ and $h : B \rightarrow C$. For each of the following, prove or disprove:

- (a) If $g \circ f = h \circ f$, then $g = h$.
- (b) If f is one-to-one and $g \circ f = h \circ f$, then $g = h$.

Exercise 8. Suppose, for a function $f : A \rightarrow B$, there exists a function $g : B \rightarrow A$ such that $f \circ g = i_B$. Prove that if g is surjective, then $g \circ f = i_A$.